

# Lecture 7.1: Private-key Encryption

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- Design a predictive experiment to summarize this concept
- Formally, for all n.u. PPT  $\mathcal{A}$ :

$$\Pr \left[ \begin{array}{l} s \leftarrow \{0,1\}^n, \\ (m_0, m_1) \leftarrow \mathcal{A}, \\ b \stackrel{\$}{\leftarrow} \{0,1\} \end{array} : \mathcal{A}(\text{Enc}(m_b)) = b \right] \leq \frac{1}{2} + \text{negl}(n)$$

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- Why can't we send two messages using the same pad?
- Length of message bounded by  $n$
- Story: "Alice and Bob met and shared a secret. Subsequently, they can encrypt messages of total length smaller than the length of the shared secret."

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- Can encrypt arbitrarily long messages
- Story: “Alice and Bob met and shared a short secret. Subsequently, they can encrypt arbitrarily long messages.”

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Yes! Public-key Encryption (Later in the course)